• SYLLABUS:

M.A.- HISTORY SEMESTER-I

PAPER-I: POLITICAL PROCESSES AND STRUCTURES IN INDIA UPTO A.D. 1200

Time: 3 Hours

Total Marks: 80 Theory: 64 Internal Assessment: 16

The question paper may consist of two sections as follows:-

- Section A: The examiner shall set 7 questions and the candidate will attempt any 4 questions carrying 3 marks each. Answer to each question shall be in about 250 words. The total weightage of this section shall be 12 marks.
- Section B: The examiner shall set 8 questions divided into four units. In each unit there will be two questions and the candidate shall attempt one question from each unit in about 1000 words. Each question shall carry 13 marks. The total weightage of this section shall be 52 marks.

UNIT-I

- 1. The Harappan and Early Vedic Polity
- 2. The Later Vedic Polity
- 3. The Mahajanpadas Polity

UNIT-II

- 4. The Mauryan Polity
- 5. The Kushana Polity
- 6. The Satavahana Polity

UNIT- III

- 7. The Gupta Polity
- 8. The Early Medieval Indian Polity
- 9. Critique of Feudal Model of Polity

UNIT- IV

- 10. The Sangam Age Polity
- 11. The Pallava Polity
- 12. The Chola Polity

Recommended Readings:

- Upinder Singh, A History of Ancient and Early Medieval India from the Stone Age to the 12th Century, Longman, Delhi, 2009.
- B.D. Chattopadhyaya, "Political Processes and Structures of Polity in Early Medieval India", Presidential Address: Ancient Indian Section, *Proceedings Indian History Congress*, 44th session, Burdwan, 1983.
- D.N. Jha, Ancient India- In Historical Outline, Manohar, New Delhi, 1998.

Irfan Habib, The Indus Civilisation, Tulika, New Delhi, 2002.

- Ram Sharan Sharma, Aspects of Political Ideas and Institutions in Ancient India, Motilal Banarsidass, Delhi, 1996.
 - _____, India's Ancient Past, Oxford University Press, New Delhi, 2005.
 - _____, Indian Feudalism, c. A.D. 300-1200, Macmillan, New Delhi, 1980.

Romila Thapar, A History of India, Vol. I, Penguin Books, London, 1981.

Ancient India, Ministry of Information and Broadcasting, Government of India, New Delhi, 1995.

Reference Readings:

A.L.Basham, The Wonder That Was India, Fontana, London, 1977.

- B.D. Chattopadhyaya, The Making of Early Medieval India, OUP, New Delhi, 1994.
- D.N. Jha, "The Relevance of 'Peasant State and Society' to Pallava-Chola Times", *The Indian Historical Review*, Vol. VIII, Nos. 1-2, 1981-82, pp 74-94.

_, The Feudal Order, Manohar, New Delhi, 2000.

- Harbans Mukhia, "Was There Feudalism in Indian History?", *Feudalism and Non European Societies* (eds. T.J. Byres and Harbans Mukhia), Frank Cass, London, 1985, pp 255-91.
- Herman Kulke, "Fragmentation and Segmentation Versus Integration ? Reflections on the Concept of Indian Feudalism and the Segmentary State in Indian History", *Studies in History*, Vol. IV, No 2, 1982, pp 237-63.
- Ram Sharan Sharma, "How Feudal was Indian Feudalism ?", *Feudalism and Non-European Societies* (eds. T.J. Byres and Harbans Mukhia), Frank Cass, London, 1985, pp. 19-43.
- Romila Thapar, (ed), *Recent Perspectives of Early Indian History*, Popular Prakashan, Bombay, 1995. ______, *Asoka and the Decline of the Mauryas*, Oxford University Press, New Delh, 1997.
 - ___, History of Early India from the Origins to A.D. 1300, Penguin, New Delhi, 2002.
- Roy Kumkum, The Emergence of Monarchy in Northern India: Eighth to Fourth Centuries B.C. as Reflected in the Brahmanical Tradition, Oxford University Press, New Delhi, 1994.
- Shireen Ratnagar, *Enquiries into the Political Organization of the Harappan Society*, Ravish Publishers, Pune, 1991.
 - _____, Understanding Harappa Civilisation in the Greater Indus Valley, Tulika, New Delhi, 2001.

PAPER-II: SOCIETY AND CULTURE IN INDIA UPTO A.D. 1200

Time: 3 Hours

Total Marks: 80 Theory: 64 Internal Assessment: 16 The question paper may consist of two sections as follows:-

- Section A: The examiner shall set 7 questions and the candidate will attempt any 4 questions carrying 3 marks each. Answer to each question shall be in about 250 words. The total weightage of this section shall be 12 marks.
- Section B: The examiner shall set 8 questions divided into four units. In each unit there will be two questions and the candidate shall attempt one question from each unit in about 1000 words. Each question shall carry 13 marks. The total weightage of this section shall be 52 marks.

UNIT - I

- 1. Varna and Jati
- 2. Tribals, Untouchables and Mlechhas
- 3. Women, Marriage and Family

UNIT - II

- 4. The Harappan and the Vedic Religion
- 5. Jainism, Buddhism and other Early Heterodox Movements
- 6. Ashoka's Dhamma

UNIT – III

- 7. Vaishnavism, Shaivism and Shaktaism
- 8. Bhakti and Tantricism
- 9. Non Indian Religions

$\mathbf{UNIT} - \mathbf{IV}$

- 10. Language, Script, Literature
- 11. Architecture and Sculpture
- 12. Education, Science and Technology

Recommended Readings:

D.N. Jha, Ancient India - In Historical Outline, Manohar, New Delhi, 1998.

Ram Sharan Sharma, Material Culture and Social Formations in Ancient India, Macmillan, Delhi, 2001.

_____, India's Ancient Past, OUP, New Delhi, 2005.

Romila Thapar, A History of India, Vol. I., Penguin Books, London, 1981.

Ancient India, Ministry of Information and Broadcasting, Government of India, New Delhi, 1995.

Reference Readings:

A.L.Basham, The Wonder That Was India, Fontana, London, 1977.

- Aloka Prasher, Mlechhas in Early India: A Study in Attitudes Towards Outsiders upto A.D. 600, Munshiram Manoharlal, New Delhi, 1991.
- B.D. Chattopadhyaya, The Making of Early Medieval India, Oxford University Press, New Delhi.
- B.N.S. Yadava, *Society and Culture in Northern India in the Twelfth Century*, Central Book Depot, Allahabad, 1973.
- Dev Raj Chanana, *Slavery in Ancient India as Depicted in Pali and Sanskrit Texts*, People's Publishing House, New Delhi, 1990.
- K.M. Shrimali, (ed), *Essays in Indian Art, Religion and Society*, Munshiram Manoharlal, New Delhi, 1987.

_____, *The Age of Iron and the Religious Revolution c. 700-350 BC*, Tulika Books, New Delhi, 2007.

Ram Sharan Sharma, *Social Change in Early Medieval India (circa A.D. 500-1200)*, People's Publishing House, New Delhi, 1993.

Sudrars in Ancient India: A Social History of the Lower Order down to circa A.D. 600, Motilal Banarsidass, Delhi, 1980 (2nd ed; 1st ed 1958).

Romila Thapar, Ancient Indian Social History, Orient Longman, New Delhi, 1990.

Asoka and the Decline of the Mauryas, Oxford University Press, New Delhi, 1997. Suvira Jaiswal, "Some Recent Theories of the Origin of Untouchability: Historiographical

, "Women in Early India: Problems and Perspectives", *Proceedings Indian History* Congress, 42nd Session, Bodh Gaya, 1981, pp 54-60.

V.N. Jha, "Candala and the Origin of Untouchability", *The Indian Historical Review*, Vol. XIII, No's 1-2, 1986-87, pp 1-36.

_____, Stages in the History of Untouchables", *The Indian Historical Review*, Vol.II, No 1, July 1975, pp 14-31.

Vijay Nath, "Women as Property and Their Right to Inherit Property upto Gupta Period", *The Indian Historical Review*, Vol. XX, No's 1-2, 1991-92, pp 1-15.

Paper –III: POLITY AND ECONOMY OF INDIA (A.D. 1526-1750)

Time: 3 Hours

Total Marks: 80 Theory: 64 Internal Assessment: 16

The question paper may consist of two sections as follows:-

- **Section A**: The examiner shall set 7 questions and the candidate will attempt any 4 questions carrying 3 marks each. Answer to each question shall be in about 250 words. The total weightage of this section shall be 12 marks.
- Section B: The examiner shall set 8 questions divided into four units. In each unit there will be two questions and the candidate shall attempt one question from each unit in about 1000 words. Each question shall carry 13 marks. The total weightage of this section shall be 52 marks.

UNIT-I

- 1. The Sources
- 2. Theory of Kingship and Nature of the State
- 3. Structure of Government: Central, Provincial and Local

UNIT-II

- 4. The Working of Government: Ruler, Land Revenue-System, Mansabdari Army Organizations
- 5. Ruling Classes
- 6. Agrarian Economy

UNIT-III

- 7. Trade and Commerce
- 8. Monetary System
- 9. Towns and Cities

- 10. Industries: Organization and Production Technology
- 11. Conflicts inherent in the System and its Collapse
- 12. Emergence of Regional States

Panday, Later Medieval India, Central Book Depot, Allahabad, 1976.Nurul Hasan, Thoughts on Agrarian Relations in Mughal India, PPH, New Delhi, 1973. Satish Chandra, Medieval India: From Sultanate to the Mughal Empire (1526-1748), Part II, Har- Anand, New Delhi ,1998.
Tapan Raychaudhari and Irfan Habib(eds.), The Cambridge Economic History of India, Vol. I, Orient Longman, New Delhi, 1991.

Reference Readings:

Athar Ali, The Mughal Nobility Under Aurangzeb, OUP, Delhi, 1998.

- H.K. Naqvi, Urban Centres and Industries in Upper India (1556-1803), Asia Publishing House, Bombay, 1968.
- Irfan Habib, The Agrarian System of Mughal India, OUP, New Delhi, 2005.
- K.M. Ashraf, Life and Conditions of the People of Hindustan, Munshiram Manoharlal, Delhi 1979.
- K.M. Panikkar, The Making of History: Essays presented to Irfan Habib, Tulika, New Delhi, 2001.
- Mazaffar Alam and Sanjay Subramanyam, The Mughal State (1526-1750), OUP, New Delhi, 2000.
- Muzaffar Alam, Crisis of Empire in Mughal North India: Awadh and the Punjab (1707-1848), OUP, Delhi, 1993.
- R.P. Tripathi, *Some Aspects of Muslim Administration in India*, Central Book Depot, Allahabad, 1972.
- Satish Chandra, *Historiography, Religion and State in Medieval India,* Har-Anand, New Delhi, 1997.
- _____, Medieval India: Society, the Jagirdari Crisis and the Village, Macmillan, Delhi, 1982.
- _____, Parties and Politics at the Mughal Court, PPH, New Delhi, 1971.
- Shireen Moosvi, *Economy of the Mughal Empire: c. 1595: A Statistical Study*, OUP, New Delhi, 1986.

PAPER-IV:

POLITICAL IDEAS AND INSTITUTIONS IN INDIA (A.D.1757-1947)

Time: 3 Hours

Total Marks: 80 Theory: 64 Internal Assessment: 16

The question paper may consist of two sections as follows:-

- **Section A**: The examiner shall set 7 questions and the candidate will attempt any 4 questions carrying 3 marks each. Answer to each question shall be in about 250 words. The total weightage of this section shall be 12 marks.
- Section B: The examiner shall set 8 questions divided into four units. In each unit there will be two questions and the candidate shall attempt one question from each unit in about 1000 words. Each question shall carry 13 marks. The total weightage of this section shall be 52 marks.

UNIT-I

- 1. William Jones
- 2. James Mill
- 3. T.B. Macaulay

UNIT-II

- 4. Strategies of Imperial Expansion
- 5 Growth of Western Education
- 6. Judicial System

UNIT-III

- 7. Land Revenue Administration
- 8. Civil Service and Army
- 9. Growth of Press

- 10. Colonial Control upto 1858
- 11. Constitutional Concessions 1861-1947
- 12. Paramountcy in Indian India

- A.C. Banerjee, The New History of Modern India 1707-1947, K.P. Bagchi, Calcutta, 1983.
- B.B. Mishra, The Administrative History of India (1834-1947), OUP, New Delhi, 1970.

Eric Stokes, The English Utilitarians and India, Clarendon Press, Oxford, 1999.

- R.C. Majumdar (ed), British *Paramountcy and Indian Renaissance*, 2 Parts, Vidya Bhawan, Bombay, 1965.
- S.C. Mittal, *India Distorted: A Study of British Historians on India*, Vol. I, M.D. Publications, New Delhi, 1995.

Thomas R Trautsmann, Aryans and British India, OUP, New Delhi, 1997.

Reference Readings:

A.R. Desai, Social Background of Indian Nationalism, Popular Prakashan, Bombay, 1994.

Bipan Chandra, India's Struggle for Independence, Penguin, New Delhi, 2001.

_____, Modern India, NCERT, New Delhi, 1990.

- Bisheshwar Prasad, Bondage and Freedom: A History of Modern India (1707-1947), 2 Vols. New Delhi, 1979.
- Judith Brown, Modern India: The Origins of an Asian Democracy, OUP, Delhi, 1985.
- S. Ambirajan, Classical Political Economy and British Policy in India, CUP, Cambridge, 1978.
- S. Gopal, British Policy in India (1858-1905), OUP, London, 1975.
- Thomas R. Matcalf, Land, Landlords and the British Raj, University of California Press, Barkeley, 1979.

PAPER-V: HISTORY OF THE PUNJAB (A.D.1450-1708)

Time: 3 Hours

Total Marks: 80 Theory: 64 Internal Assessment: 16

The question paper may consist of two sections as follows:-

- **Section A**: The examiner shall set 7 questions and the candidate will attempt any 4 questions carrying 3 marks each. Answer to each question shall be in about 250 words. The total weightage of this section shall be 12 marks.
- Section B: The examiner shall set 8 questions divided into four units. In each unit there will be two questions and the candidate shall attempt one question from each unit in about 1000 words. Each question shall carry 13 marks. The total weightage of this section shall be 52 marks.

UNIT-I

- 1. The Sources: Main Categories and their Assessment
- 2. Lodhi Warfare, Government and Administration
- 3. Society during Guru Nanak Dev's Age

UNIT-II

- 4. Religious Milieu before the Advent of Guru Nanak Dev
- 5. Guru Nanak Dev and His Mission
- 6. Expansion and Consolidation of the Sikh Panth (1539-1606)

UNIT-III

- 7. Transformation of the Sikh Panth (1606-1708)
- 8. Mughal State and the Sikh Gurus
- 9. Sikh Sects: Udasis, Minas, Dhirmalias and Ramraiyas

- 10. Guru Gobind Singh and His Mission
- 11. Guru Gobind Singh's Relations with Mughals and the Hill Chiefs
- 12. Legacy of Guru Gobind Singh's Mission

Chetan Singh, Region and Empire: Punjab in the Seventeenth Century, OUP, Delhi, 1991.

J.S. Grewal, From Guru Nanak to Maharaja Ranjit Singh, G.N.D. University, Amritsar, 1982.

- _____, *Guru Nanak in History*, Panjab University, Chandigarh, 1969.
- _____, The New Cambridge History of India: The Sikhs of the Punjab, OUP, New Delhi, 1990.

Khushwant Singh, A History of the Sikhs, Vol. I (1469-1839), OUP, Delhi 1977.

Paushora Singh and N.G. Barrier, Sikhism and History, OUP, Oxford, 2004.

Sulakhan Singh, "Iitihasik Prepeckh Vich Udasi" (Key note Address)Udasi Sampardai and Sikh Panth, Gobind Sadan, New Delhi, 2007.

_____, "Madhkali Punjab Dian Dharmik Sikh Sarnpardavan Di Itihaskari" (Presidential Address: Punjabi Section), Patiala, 1997.

____, *Heterodoxy in the Sikh Tradition*, ABS Publications, Jalandhar, 1999.

Surjit Hans, A Reconstruction of Sikh History from Sikh Literature, ABS Publications, Jalandhar, 1988.

Teja Singh and Ganda Singh, A Short History of the Sikhs, Vol. (1469-1765), Patiala, 1983

W.H. McLeod, Guru Nanak and the Sikh Religion, OUP, Delhi, 1968.

Reference Readings:

G.C. Narang, Transformation of Sikhism, New Book Society, 1968. (5th. edition).

G.S. Dhillon, Researches in Sikh Religion and History, Chandigarh, 1989.

Harbans Singh (ed), The Encyclopeadia of Sikhism, 4 Vols., Punjabi University, Patiala 1992.

I.B. Banerjee, Evolution of the Khalsa, 2 Vols., A. Mukherjee & Co., Calcutta, 1979.

- Indu Banga (ed), Five Punjabi Centuries: Polity, Economy, Society and Culture (C1500-1990), Manohar, New Delhi, 1997.
- J.D. Cunningham, History of the Sikhs, Delhi, 1969. (reprint).
- J.S. Grewal and Indu Banga, The Khalsa Over 300 Years, Manohar, New Delhi, 1999.
- J.S. Grewal and Irfan Habib (eds.), Sikh History from Persian Sources, Manohar, New Delhi, 2001.
- J.S. Grewal and S.S. Bal, Guru Gobind Singh, Panjab University, Chandigarh, 1987.
- J.S. Grewal, Contesting Interpretations of the Sikh Traditions, New Delhi, 1998.
- Jasbir Singh Maan and Harbans Singh Sarao, Advanced Studies in Sikhism, Sikh Community of North America, Irvine, 1989.

John F. Richards, The New Cambridge History of India: The Mughal Empire, OUP, New Delhi,

1993.

Kharak Singh (ed.), Current Thoughts on Sikhism, Institute of Sikh Studies, Chandigarh, 1996.

Louis E. Fenech, Martyrdom in the Sikh Tradition, OUP, Oxford, 2000.

Teja Singh, Sikhism: Its Ideals and its Institutions, Bombay, 1938.

W.H. McLeod, Evolution of the Sikh Community, OUP, Delhi, 1970.

____, *Historical Dictionary of Sikhism*, OUP, New Delhi, 2002.

In addition, relevant articles would be found in the reputed Journals being published on the Punjab, listed below:-

Journal of Regional History, Amritsar. Journal of Sikh Studies, Amritsar. Proceedings of Punjab History Conference, Patiala. The Panjab Past and Present, Patiala. Abstract of Sikh Studies, Chandigarh. (New Sikh Studies Quarterly.)

M.A.- HISTORY SEMESTER-II

PAPER-I: AGRARIAN AND URBAN ECONOMY IN INDIA UPTO A.D.1200

Time: 3 Hours

Total Marks: 80 Theory: 64 Internal Assessment: 16

The question paper may consist of two sections as follows:-

- Section A: The examiner shall set 7 questions and the candidate will attempt any 4 questions carrying 3 marks each. Answer to each question shall be in about 250 words. The total weightage of this section shall be 12 marks.
- Section B: The examiner shall set 8 questions divided into four units. In each unit there will be two questions and the candidate shall attempt one question from each unit in about 1000 words. Each question shall carry 13 marks. The total weightage of this section shall be 52 marks.

UNIT-I

- 1. Origin and Growth of Agriculture and Agrarian Economy
- 2. Land Rights
- 3. Land Revenue

UNIT-II

- 4. Land Grants
- 5. Crafts
- 6. Guilds

UNIT-III

- 7. Inter-Regional Trade in India
- 8. Foreign Trade
- 9. Coinage and Currency

UNIT - IV

10. Credit and Banking

11. Urban Centers

12. Economic Role of Temples

Recommended Readings:

Ancient India, Ministry of Information and Broadcasting, Government of India, New Delhi, 1995.

D.N. Jha, Ancient India- In Historical Outline, Manohar, New Delhi, 1998.

Ram Sharan Sharma, India's Ancient Past, Oxford University Press, New Delhi, 2005.

_____, Perspectives in Social and Economic History of Early India, Munshiram Manoharlal, New Delhi, 1995.

_____, Social Change in Early Medieval India (Circa AD 500-1200), PPH, New Delhi, 1993.

Romila Thapar, A History of India, Vol. I, Penguin Books, London, 1981.

Upinder Singh, A History of Ancient and Early Medieval India from the Stone Age to the 12th Century, Longman, Delhi, 2009.

Reference Readings:

- A.L. Basham, The Wonder That Was India, Fontana, London, 1977.
- Bhairabi Prasad Sahu (ed), Iron and Social Change in Early India, Oxford University Press, New Delhi, 2006.
- Burton Stein, "Economic Functions of a Medieval South Indian Temple", *Journal of Asian Studies*, Vol. XIX, No. 2, 1980, pp163-76.
- D.N. Jha, *Economy and Society in Early India Issues and Paradigms*, Munshiram Manoharlal, New Delhi, 1995.
- Himanshu Prabha Ray, "Trade and Contacts", in *Recent Perspectives of Early Indian History* (ed. Romila Thapar), Popular Prakashan, Bombay, 1995, pp 142-75.
- Lallanji Gopal, *Economic Life of Northern India A.D.* 700-1200, Motilal Banarsidass, New Delhi, 1995.

Ram Sharan Sharma, Early Medieval Indian Society: A Study in Feudalisation, Orient Longman, Kolkata, 2001.

_____, Urban Decay in India (c. 300 – c.1000), Munshiram Manoharlal, New Delhi, 1987.

Romila Thapar, Asoka and the Decline of the Mauryas, Oxford University Press, New Delhi, 1997.

V.K.Thakur, Urbanisation in Ancient India, Abhinav Publications, New Delhi, 1981.

PAPER-II : SOCIETY AND CULTURE OF INDIA (A.D. 1200-1750)

Time: 3 Hours

Total Marks: 80 Theory: 64 Internal Assessment: 16

The question paper may consist of two sections as follows:-

- **Section A**: The examiner shall set 7 questions and the candidate will attempt any 4 questions carrying 3 marks each. Answer to each question shall be in about 250 words. The total weightage of this section shall be 12 marks.
- Section B: The examiner shall set 8 questions divided into four units. In each unit there will be two questions and the candidate shall attempt one question from each unit in about 1000 words. Each question shall carry 13 marks. The total weightage of this section shall be 52 marks.

UNIT-I

- 1. Rural Social Structures: Composition, Stratification, Village Community
- 2. Urban Social Structure: Composition, Castes and Communities, Urban Life, Rural-Urban Network
- 3. The Standard of Living in India: The Peasantry, the Urban Poor, Middle Strata and the Upper Classes

UNIT-II

- 4. Islam : Concept and Practice of Sufism
- 5. Bhakti Movements: Early Origin, Popular Bhakti Movement in North India, and the Vaishnavite Movement
- 6. Social Condition of the People: Domestic Life, Comforts, Amusements, Recreation, Position of Women and Customs

UNIT-III

- 7. Architecture: Sultanate, Mughal
- 8. Regional Architecture: Vijayanagar, Bahmani, Sharki and Suri Style
- 9. Paintings : Mughal, Rajput and Kangra School of Painting

- 10. Language and Literature: Persian, Sanskrit, Hindi and Regional Languages and their Literature
- 11. Ruling Classes, State and Orthodoxy
- 12. Regional and Sectarian Communities: Evolution of Composite Culture

K.M. Ashraf, Life and Conditions of the People of Hindustan (1200-1550 A.D), Delhi, 1978.

R.C. Majumdar (ed.), The Mughal Empire, Bhartiya Vidya Bhavan Series, Bombay, 1970.

Tapan Raichaudhuri and Irfan Habib, *The Cambridge Economic History of India*, Vol. I, CUP, Cambridge, 2004.

- Satish Chandra, Medieval India: Part I and II, Har Anand Publications, Delhi, 1997.
- Tapan Raychaudhuri and Irfan Habib (ed B.N.S. Yadava, *Society and Culture of Northern India in the Twentieth Century*, Central Book Depot, Allahabad, 1973.

Reference Readings:

Baach Milo, Mughal and Rajput Paintings: The New Cambridge History of India Series, Delhi, 1992.

Catharine Asher, Architecture of Mughal India, OUP, Cambridge, 1992.

- Dilbagh Singh, The State, Landlords and the Peasants: Rajasthan in the 18th Century, Delhi, 1985.
- Indu Banga (ed.), *The City in Indian History, Urban Demography, Society and Politics, Manohar, Delhi, 1991.*

Irfan Habib (ed.), Agrarian System of Mughal India (1526-1707), OUP, New Delhi, 2005.

- J.F. Richards (ed.), Power, Administration and Finance in Mughal India, Britain, Variorum, 1993.
- Koch Ebba, Mughal Architecture: A History of its Buildings and Development (1528-1850), Munich, 1999.
 - _____, Mughal Art and Imperial Ideology, Delhi, 2001.
- Nural Hasan, Thoughts on Agrarian Relations in Mughal India, PPH, Delhi, 1973.

Satish Chandra, Mughal Religious Policie: The Rajputs and Deccan, Delhi, 1993.

W.H. Moreland, Agrarian System of Moslem India: A Historical Essay with Appendices, Delhi, 1968.

PAPER-III:

POLITY, ECONOMY AND SOCIETY IN THE PUNJAB (A.D. 1799-1849)

Time: 3 Hours

Total Marks: 80 Theory: 64 Internal Assessment: 16

The question paper may consist of two sections as follows:-

- Section A: The examiner shall set 7 questions and the candidate will attempt any 4 questions carrying 3 marks each. Answer to each question shall be in about 250 words. The total weightage of this section shall be 12 marks.
- Section B: The examiner shall set 8 questions divided into four units. In each unit there will be two questions and the candidate shall attempt one question from each unit in about 1000 words. Each question shall carry 13 marks. The total weightage of this section shall be 52 marks.

UNIT-I

- 1. Rise of the Sukarchakias
- 2. Unification and Expansion Under Ranjit Singh
- 3. Decline and Fall of the Kingdom of Lahore

UNIT-II

- 4. Nature of Monarchy
- 5. Central and Provincial Government
- 6. Land Revenue Administration

UNIT-III

- 7. The Ruling Classes
- 8. The Jagirdars
- 9. Dharmarth Grants

- 10. The Intermediaries and the Peasantry
- 11. The Mercantile Classes
- 12. Social Mobility

Fauja Singh, Some Aspects of State and Society under Ranjit Sijgh, New Delhi, 1982.

- G.L.Chopra, The Punjab As a Sovereign State, VVRI., Hoshiarpur, 1960.
- Indu Banga (ed.), Five Punjabi Centuries: Polity, Economy, Society, and Culture (C.1500-1990), Manohar, New Delhi, 1997.
 - _____, "The Ruling Class in the Kingdom of Lahore", *Journal of Regional History*, III, 1982, pp 15-24.
 - _____, Agrarian System of the Sikhs: Late Eighteenth and Early Nineteenth Century, Manohar, New Delhi, 1978.
- Radha Sharma, *Peasantry and the State: Early Nineteenth Century Punjab*, K.K. Publications, Simla,2000.
- Radha Sharma, Ranjit Singh Kal Di Kissani Da Samaj Shastri Adhiyan, Punjabi Universty, Patiala, 1999.

_____, *The Lahore Darbar*, G.N.D. University, Amritsar, 2001.

Reference Readings:

Badan Powell, The Land System of British India Vo. II, Delhi, 1974. (reprint).

Bikramjit Hasrat, Life and Time of Ranjit Singh, VVRI, Hoshiarpur, 1977.

Fauja Singh Bajwa, Military System of the Sikhs (1799-1849), Motilal Banarsidass, Delhi, 1964.

- Harish C. Sharma, "Artisans", Maharaja Ranjit Singh Society and Economy (ed. Indu Banga and J.S. Grewal), G.N.D. University, Amritsar, 2001, pp 107-86.
- Indryas Bhatti, Nobility under the Lahore Darbar (1799-1849), M. Phil. Dissertation, Amritsar, 1981.

Indu Banga, Early Nineteenth Century Punjab, G.N.D. University, Amritsar, 1979.

_____, Maharaja Ranjit Singh, Polity, Economy and Society, G.N.D. University, Amritsar, 2001.

_____, "Social Mobility in the Punjab Under Maharaja Ranjit Singh", Maharaja Ranjit

Singh and His Times (eds. J.S.Grewal & Indu Banga), G.N.D. University, Amritsar, 1980, pp 125-37.

Indu Banga ,"State Formation Under Sikh Rule", *Journal of Regional, History*, Vol. I,1980, pp 15-35. _____, The Cambridge History of India: The Sikhs of the Punjab, CUP, Cambridge, 1994.

_____, *The Reign of Maharaja Ranjit Singh Structure of Power, Economy and Society*, Sita Ram Kohli Memorial Lectures, Punjabi University, Patiala,1981.

Khushwant Singh, A History of the Sikhs, Vol. I (1469-1839), OUP, Delhi, 1977.

- _____, A History of the Sikhs, Vol. II (1839-1964), Princeton University Press, Princeton, 1966.
- N.K.Sinha, Ranjit Singh, A.Mukherjee & Co., Calcutta, 1968.
- Radha Sharma, "State Policy and Agrarian Classes in the Punjab", Journal of Regional History, Amritsar.
- S.S. Bal, British Policy towards the Punjab (1844-49), New Age Publishers, Calcutta, 1971.
- Sita Ram Kohli, Sunset of the Sikh Empire, Orient Longman, New Delhi, 1967.
- Sulakhan Singh, "Patronage of the Udasis", Maharaja Ranjit Singh and His Times, G.N.D, University, Amritsar, 1980, pp 103-16.

PAPER-IV: MODERN WORLD: MAJOR TRENDS (A.D. 1500-1900)

Time: 3 Hours

Total Marks: 80 Theory: 64 Internal Assessment: 16

The question paper may consist of two sections as follows:-

- Section A: The examiner shall set 7 questions and the candidate will attempt any 4 questions carrying 3 marks each. Answer to each question shall be in about 250 words. The total weightage of this section shall be 12 marks.
- Section B: The examiner shall set 8 questions divided into four units. In each unit there will be two questions and the candidate shall attempt one question from each unit in about 1000 words. Each question shall carry 13 marks. The total weightage of this section shall be 52 marks.

UNIT-I

- 1. Expansion of Western World
- 2. Renaissance
- 3. Reformation

UNIT-II

- 4. Enlightenment
- 5. Emergence of Nation States
- 6. Growth of Parliamentary System

UNIT-III

- 7. American Revolution
- 8. French Revolution
- 9. Industrial Revolution

- 10. Growth of Nationalism: Unification of Italy and Germany
- 11. Rise of Socialism
- 12. New Imperialism

- A .Garraty and John Peter, *The Columbia History of the World*, Harper & Row Publishers, New York, 1986.
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Keith W. Olsan, An Outline of American History, United States Information Agency, USA.

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PAPER-V: ECONOMIC HISTORY OF MODERN INDIA (A.D.1757-1857)

Time: 3 Hours

Total Marks: 80 Theory: 64 Internal Assessment: 16

The question paper may consist of two sections as follows:-

- **Section A**: The examiner shall set 7 questions and the candidate will attempt any 4 questions carrying 3 marks each. Answer to each question shall be in about 250 words. The total weightage of this section shall be 12 marks.
- Section B: The examiner shall set 8 questions divided into four units. In each unit there will be two questions and the candidate shall attempt one question from each unit in about 1000 words. Each question shall carry 13 marks. The total weightage of this section shall be 52 marks.

UNIT-I

- 1. Mid-Eighteenth Century : Economic Background
- 2. Agrarian Economy
- 3. Mercantile Imperialism and Trade under East India Company

UNIT-II

- 4. Land Revenue Settlements Zamindari, Ryotwari and Mahalwari Systems
- 5. Decline of Handicrafts and De-industrialization
- 6. Commercial Agriculture and its impact on Agrarian Economy

UNIT-III

- 7. Indian Business Enterprise
- 8. Managing Agency System
- 9. Foreign Enterprise and Investment

- 10. System of Financial Control
- 11. Irrigation System
- 12. Economic Drain

- Dharma Kumar and Meghnad Desai (eds.), *The Cambridge Economic History*, Vol. II, 1757-1977, Orient Longman, Delhi, 1977.
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- Rajat K. Ray (ed) Entrepreneurship and Industry in India, 1800-1947, OUP, Delhi, 1994.
- Romesh C. Dutt, The Economic History of India, Vol. I & II, Publication Division, Delhi, 1970.
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- D. Bhattacharya, A Concise History of Indian Economy, Prentice Hall, New Delhi, 1977.
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Surendra Gopal, Commerce and Crafts in Gujrat, New Delhi, 1975.

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M.A.- HISTORY SEMESTER-III

PAPER-I: SOCIO-CULTURAL HISTORY OF INDIA (A.D.1858-1947)

Time: 3 Hours

Total Marks: 80 Theory: 64 **Internal Assessment: 16**

The question paper may consist of two sections as follows:-

- Section A: The examiner shall set 7 questions and the candidate will attempt any 4 questions carrying 3 marks each. Answer to each question shall be in about 250 words. The total weightage of this section shall be 12 marks.
- Section B: The examiner shall set 8 questions divided into four units. In each unit there will be two questions and the candidate shall attempt one question from each unit in about 1000 words. Each question shall carry 13 marks. The total weightage of this section shall be 52 marks.

- **UNIT-I** Indian Society in the 2nd half of the 19th Century 1.
- 2. Socio-Religious Reform Movements: Bramho Samaj, Arya Samaj and Singh Sabha
- 3. Revivalism and Modernism in Islamic Society :Deoband and Aligarh Movement

UNIT-II

- 4. Industrial Development and Social Change
- Westernization and Sanskritization 5.
- 6. Growth of Education and Rise of the Middle Class

UNIT-III

- 7. **Depressed Class Movements**
- 8. **Tribal Movements**
- 9. Peasant Movements

- 10. Position of Women
- Contribution of Gandhi and Ambedkar 11.
- Vernacular Press and Literature 12.

A.R. Desai, Peasant Struggle in India, OUP, New Delhi, 1982.

B.B. Misra, The Indian Middle Classes: Their Growth in Modern Times, OUP, London, 1978.

B.D. Metcalf, Islamic Revival in British India: Deoband, 1860-1900, OUP, Princeton, 1982.

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Jones Keneth, Socio-Religious Movements in India, Cambridge, CUP, New Delhi, 1989.

M.N. Srinivas, Social Change in Modern India, Orient Longman, New Delhi, 1972.

Sukhbir Choudhary, Peasants and Workers Movements in India, 1905-1929, PPH, New Delhi, 1971.

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B. Chandra, Social and Political Ideas of Ambedkar, New Delhi, 1977.

D.K. Basu (ed.), Social and Economic Development in India, New Delhi, 1986.

J. Bandyopadhyaya, Social and Political Thought of Gandhi, 1969.

K.N. Panikkar, Cultural Consciousness in Modern India, OUP, New Delhi, 1990.

M.S.A. Rao, Social Movements in India Sectarian Tribal and Women's Movement, Vol. II, New Delhi, 1979.

Paul Brass, Language, Religion and Politics in Northern India, Cambridge, 1975.

Sumit Sarkar, Modern India, Macmillan, New Delhi, 1983.

PAPER-II: EMERGENCE OF INDIAN NATIONALISM (A.D. 1857-1919)

Time: 3 Hours

Total Marks: 80 Theory: 64 Internal Assessment: 16

The question paper may consist of two sections as follows:-

- **Section A**: The examiner shall set 7 questions and the candidate will attempt any 4 questions carrying 3 marks each. Answer to each question shall be in about 250 words. The total weightage of this section shall be 12 marks.
- Section B: The examiner shall set 8 questions divided into four units. In each unit there will be two questions and the candidate shall attempt one question from each unit in about 1000 words. Each question shall carry 13 marks. The total weightage of this section shall be 52 marks.

UNIT-I

- 1. 1857 and the Growth of Political Consciousness in India
- 2. Social and Religious Consciousness: Brahmo Samaj, Arya Samaj and Singh Sabha
- 3. Formation of Regional Associations

UNIT-II

- 4. Foundation of Indian National Congress
- 5. Phases of Moderate Politics
- 6. Partition of Bengal and Swadeshi Movement (1905-08)

UNIT-III

- 7. Morley-Minto Reforms and Electoral Politics
- 8. Rise of Extremism
- 9. Tribal and Peasant Movements

- 10. World War I and Indian Nationalism
- 11. Lucknow Pact of 1916 and Hindu Muslim Unity
- 12. Emergence of Gandhi: Satyagraha Campaigns

Anil Seal, *Emergence of Indian Nationalism*, CUP, Cambridge, 1984.
Bipan Chandra, *India's Struggle for Independence 1857-1947*, Penguin, New Delhi, 1988.
Kenneth M. Jones, *Socio-Religions Reform Movements in India*, CUP, Cambridge, 1989.
Mushirul Hasan, *Nationalism and Colonial Politics in India 1916-28*, OUP, Delhi, 1979.
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S.R. Mahrotra, *The Emergence of Indian National Congress*, Delhi, 1971.

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A.R. Desai, *Social Background of Indian Nationalism*, Popular Parkashan, Bombay, 1966. Bipan Chandra, Amlesh Tripathi & Barun, *Struggle for Freedom*, *NBT*, New Delhi 1977.

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D.A. Low, British and Indian Nationalism, CUP, Cambridge, 1997.

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J.H. Farquhar, Modern Religious Movements in India, Delhi 1976.

Jim Massellos, Nationalism in the Indian Subcontinent, Melbourne, 1972.

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Maulana Abdul Kalam Azad, India Wins Freedom, OUP, New Delhi, 1998.

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Partha Chatterjee, Nationalist Thought and the Colonial World, OUP, New Delhi, 1986.

R.C.Majumdar, Struggle of Freedom, Vol. III, Calcutta, 1963.

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Thomas R. Matcalf, Aftermath of the Revolt: 1857-1878, New Jersey, 1978.

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B.L.Grover, "The Genesis of the Indian National Congress", British Policy Towards Indian Nationalism 1885-1909, (ed. B.L. Grover) National Publications, New Delhi, 1967, 1-15. Bimal Prasad, "The Congress Split at Surat", *Studies in Modern Indian History* (ed., B.R.Nanda & V.C.Joshi), Orient Longman, New Delhi, 1972, 144-76.

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- Damodar P. Singh, "Nationalism in India, Its Character and Consequences", Nationalism in India and Other Historical Essays, Delhi, 1-56.
- Dietmer Rothermund, " Role of the Western Educated Elite in Political Mass Movement in India in the Twentieth Century", *The Phases of Indian Nationalism and Other Es*says, Bombay, 1970, 144-64.
 - ______, "The Phases of Indian Nationalism", *The Phase of Indian Nationalism and Other Essays*, Bombay, 1975.
- Ravindra Kumar, "Advent of Mass Politics in India: The Rowlett Satyagrah of 1919", *Studies in Modern Indian History*, No.1 (eds. B.R. Nanda, & V.C. Joshi) 1972, 1-18.

PAPER-III: PUNJAB UNDER COLONIAL RULE (A.D. 1849-1947)

Time: 3 Hours

Total Marks: 80 Theory: 64 Internal Assessment: 16

The question paper may consist of two sections as follows:-

- **Section A**: The examiner shall set 7 questions and the candidate will attempt any 4 questions carrying 3 marks each. Answer to each question shall be in about 250 words. The total weightage of this section shall be 12 marks.
- Section B: The examiner shall set 8 questions divided into four units. In each unit there will be two questions and the candidate shall attempt one question from each unit in about 1000 words. Each question shall carry 13 marks. The total weightage of this section shall be 52 marks.

UNIT-I

- 1. Administrative Changes and Consolidation of the Raj
- 2. Early Challenges to the Raj: Bhai Maharaj Singh, Uprising of 1857 and Kuka Movement
- 3. Social Reform Movements: The Nirankari, Singh Sabha, Arya Samaj and Ahmadiya

UNIT-II

- 4. Emergence of Middle Classes
- 5. Growth and Development of Agrarian Economy
- 6. Agrarian Crisis: Land Alienation Act of 1900; Agrarian Agitation of 1907

UNIT-III

- 7. Towards Nationalist Politics: Early Nationalist Activities, Swadeshi Movement, Rowlatt Bill Agitation and Non-Cooperation Movement
- 8. Akali Movement and Babbar Akalis
- 9. Militant and Left Wing Politics: Ghadar Movement, Hindustan Socialist Republican Association and Kirti Kisan Sabha

- 10. Politics of the Unionist Party (1923-47)
- 11. Politics of the Akali Dal (1925-47)
- 12. Politics of Partition (1940-47)

- Bhagwan Josh, The Communist Movement in the Punjab, Anupam Publications, New Delhi, 1979.
- J.S. Grewal, The Sikhs of the Punjab, CUP, Cambridge, 1997.
- Kamlesh Mohan, Militant Nationalism in the Punjab, Manohar, New Delhi, 1985.
- Kirpal Singh, Partition of the Punjab, Punjabi University, Patiala, 1974.
- Lavan Spencer, The Ahmediya Movement, Manohar, New Delhi, 1974.
- Mohinder Singh, The Akali Movement, National Institute of Punjab Studies, New Delhi, 1997.
- N.M.Khilnani, The Punjab Under Lawrence, Simla, 1961.
- S.C.Mittal, Freedom Movement in the Punjab (1905-29), Delhi 1977.
- Sukhwant Singh, Agricultural Growth Under Colonial Constraints, The Punjab 1849-1947, Manpreet Publications, New Delhi, 2000.

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- B.S. Saini, *The Social & Economic History of the Punjab*, 1901-1939, Ess Ess Publications, Delhi, 1975.
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- Himadri Banerjee, Agrarian Society of the Punjab (1849-1901), Manohar, Delhi, 1970.
- Imran Ali, The Punjab Under Imperialism 1885-1947, OUP, New Delhi, 1988.
- Indu Banga (ed.), Five Punjabi Centuries, Manohar, New Delhi, 2000.
- Joginder Singh, The Sikh Resurgence, National Book Organisation, New Delhi, 1997.
- K.L.Tuteja, The Sikh Politics, New Delhi, 1986.
- Kenneth M. Jones, Arya Dharam: Hindu Consciousness in the 19th Punjab, Manohar, New Delhi, 1976.
- Khushwant Singh, The History of the Sikhs, Vol.II, OUP, Delhi, 1978. (reprint)
- M.L.Darling, The Punjab Peasant in Prosperity and Debt, OUP, Delhi 1977. (reprint)
- Parkash Tandon, Punjabi Century, 1857-1947, Orient Paperbacks, Delhi, 1961.
- S.S. Bal, A Brief History of the Modern Punjab, Lyall Book Depot, Ludhiana, 1974.
- Satya M.Rai, Punjabi Heroic Tradition, Punjabi University, Patiala, 1978.
 - _____, Partition of the Punjab, Allied Publishers, Bombay, 1965.
- Sukhdev Singh Sohal, *The Making of the Middle Classes in the Punjab(1849-1947)*, ABS Publications, Jalandhar, 2008.
- Y.B.Mathur, The British Administration of the Punjab (1849-75), Delhi, n. d.

PAPER-IV: TWENTIETH CENTURY WORLD (A.D 1901-2000)

Time: 3 Hours

Total Marks: 80 Theory: 64 Internal Assessment: 16

The question paper may consist of two sections as follows:-

- **Section A**: The examiner shall set 7 questions and the candidate will attempt any 4 questions carrying 3 marks each. Answer to each question shall be in about 250 words. The total weightage of this section shall be 12 marks.
- Section B: The examiner shall set 8 questions divided into four units. In each unit there will be two questions and the candidate shall attempt one question from each unit in about 1000 words. Each question shall carry 13 marks. The total weightage of this section shall be 52 marks.

UNIT-I

- 1. Growth of Nationalism and Imperialism
- 2. World War I and the Treaty System
- 3. League of Nations

UNIT-II

- 4. Revolutions: Russia 1905, 1917
- 5. Revolutions: China 1911, 1949
- 6. World Economic Depression and the New Deal

UNIT-III

- 7. Fascism, Nazism in Europe; Militarism in Japan
- 8. World War II and the UNO
- 9. The Cold War and NAM

- 10. Post- 1945 Developments: South- East Asia, Middle East
- 11. Human Rights and Concerns in Ecology
- 12. Collapse of the Soviet Union and Towards Globalization

- B.S. Brar, Explaining Communist Crises, New Delhi, 1994.
- E. Hobsbawm, Age of Extremes: The Short Twentieth Century (1914-1991), New Delhi, 1991.
- E.M. Burns, World Civilization, Vol. C., New Delhi, 1991.
- H.S. Hughes, Contemporary Europe: A History, New Delhi, 1979.
- J.B. Foster, *The Vulnerable Planet: Short Economic History of the Environment*, Khargpur, 1999.
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- Norman Lowe, Mastering Modern World History, New Delhi, 2004.
- P. Semual Huntington, *The Clash of Civilizations and the Remaking of World Order*, New Delhi, 1977.

PAPER-V: HISTORICAL THOUGHT AND HISTORIOGRAPHY

Time: 3 Hours

Total Marks: 80 Theory: 64 Internal Assessment: 16

The question paper may consist of two sections as follows:-

- **Section A**: The examiner shall set 7 questions and the candidate will attempt any 4 questions carrying 3 marks each. Answer to each question shall be in about 250 words. The total weightage of this section shall be 12 marks.
- Section B: The examiner shall set 8 questions divided into four units. In each unit there will be two questions and the candidate shall attempt one question from each unit in about 1000 words. Each question shall carry 13 marks. The total weightage of this section shall be 52 marks.

UNIT-I

- 1. Definition and Nature of History
- 2. Scope and Purpose of History
- 3. Causation in History

UNIT-II

- 4. Objectivity in History
- 5. History and Other Disciplines: Economics, Political Science, Psychology, Sociology
- 6. History and Auxiliary Disciplines: Geography, Literature, Epigraphy, Numismatics

UNIT-III

- 7. Greek Historical Thought: Herodotus
- 8. Roman Historical Thought: Tacitus
- 9. Christian Historical Thought : St. Augustine

- 10. Renaissance Thought : Michiaveli
- 11. Enlightenment Thought : Edward Gibbon
- 12. Marxist Historical Thought : Karl Marx

E.H. Carr, What is History? Penguin, Middlesex, 1987.

E. Sreedharan, A Textbook on Historiography (500 BC – 2000 AD), Orient Longman, Hyderabad, 2004.

M.C. Lemon, *Philosophy of History*, Routledge, London, 2008.

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John Tosh, The Pursuit of History, Longman, London, 1985.

Marnie Hughes - Warrington, Fifty Great Thinkers on History, Routledge, London, 2004.

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S.K. Bajaj, Recent Trends in Historiography, Anmol Publications, New Delhi, 1998.

Sajal Nag, "Imperialist Historiography: A Re-Emphasis", New Quest, No.99, May- June, 1993.

M.A. HISTORY SEMESTER-IV

PAPER-I: ECONOMIC HISTORY OF MODERN INDIA (A.D. 1858-1947)

Time: 3 Hours

Total Marks: 80 Theory: 64 Internal Assessment: 16

The question paper may consist of two sections as follows:-

- **Section A**: The examiner shall set 7 questions and the candidate will attempt any 4 questions carrying 3 marks each. Answer to each question shall be in about 250 words. The total weightage of this section shall be 12 marks.
- Section B: The examiner shall set 4 questions divided into four units. In each unit there will be two questions and the candidate shall attempt one question from each unit in about 1000 words. Each question shall carry 13 marks. The total weightage of this section shall be 52 marks.

UNIT-I

- 1. Occupational Structure in Modern India
- 2. Role of Railways
- 3. Irrigation System

UNIT-II

- 4. Large Scale Industries Cotton Textile, Jute, Iron & Steel and Coal Mining
- 5. Industrial Labour and Government Policy
- 6. Famines

UNIT-III

- 7. Foreign Trade
- 8. Tariff Policy
- 9. Currency and Exchange

- 10. Modern Banking System
- 11. Fiscal System
- 12. Economic Drain

B.M. Bhatia, Famines in India (1860-1965), Asia Publishing House, Bombay, 1967.

Bipan Chandra, Rise and Growth of Economic Nationalism in India, PPH, New Delhi, 1966.

D. Bhattacharya, A Concise History of Indian Economy, Prentice Hall, New Delhi, 1977.

D.R. Gadgil, Industrial Evolution of India in Recent Times 1860-1939, OUP, Delhi, 1972.

Dharma Kumar and Meghnad Desai (eds.), The Cambridge Economic History, Vol. II,

Orient Longman, Delhi, 1977.

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R.C. Dutt, The Economic History of India, Vols. I & II, Publication Division, Delhi, 1970.

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Asiya Siddiqi, Agrarian Change in Northern Indian State, OUP, Oxford, 1973.

D. Rothermund, Asian Trade and European Expansion in the Age of Mercentilism, Manohar, New Delhi, 1981.

N. Mukherjee, *The Ryotwari System in Madras 1792-1827*, Calcutta, 1962.

R.P. Dutt, India Today, Manisha, Calcutta, 1979.

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S. Gopal, Permanent Settlement in Bengal and its Results, OUP, London, 1949.

V. B. Singh (ed.), Economic History of India, Asia Publishing House, New Delhi, 1975.

PAPER-II: THE NATIONAL MOVEMENT (A.D 1920-1947)

Time: 3 Hours

Total Marks: 80 Theory: 64 Internal Assessment: 16

The question paper may consist of two sections as follows:-

- **Section A**: The examiner shall set 7 questions and the candidate will attempt any 4 questions carrying 3 marks each. Answer to each question shall be in about 250 words. The total weightage of this section shall be 12 marks.
- Section B: The examiner shall set 8 questions divided into four units. In each unit there will be two questions and the candidate shall attempt one question from each unit in about 1000 words. Each question shall carry 13 marks. The total weightage of this section shall be 52 marks.

UNIT-I

- 1. The Khilafat Movement and the Non-Cooperation Movement
- 2. Sequel to Non-Cooperation: Gandhi's Mass Contact Programme, The Swarajist Party
- 3. Revolutionary Terrorists, Naujwan Bharat Sabha, Hindustan Socialist Republic Association

UNIT-II

- 4. The Communal Question
- 5. The Civil Disobedience Movement
- 6. The Government of India Act 1935, Elections of 1937

UNIT-III

7. The Communist Movement and Rise of Left Wing within the Congress

- 8. The World War II and the Nationalist Dilemma
- 9. The Quit India Movement

- 10. The Demand for Pakistan
- 11. The Shimla Conference and the Cabinet Mission
- 12. Independence and Partition of India

Ayesha Jalal, *Jinnah: The Sole Spokesman*, OUP, Oxford, 1987.
Bipan Chandra, *Essays on Indian Nationalism*, Har- Anand, New Delhi, 2006.
______, *Nationalism and Colonialism in Modern India*, Delhi, 1978.
Dharmjit Singh, Lord Linlithgow in India (1936-1943), ABS Publications, Jalandhar, 2005.
R.J.Moore, *The Crisis of Indian Unity*, OUP, Delhi, 1974.
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Sumit Sarkar, *Modern India*, Macmillan, Delhi, 1983.

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Anthony J. Parel, (ed.) *Gandhi's Hind Swaraj and Other Essays*, CUP, Cambridge, 1997.
D.A. Low, *Britain and Indian Nationalism: Imprint of Ambiguity*, CUP, Cambridge, 1977.
Judith Brown, *Modern India: Origin of the Asian Democracy*, OUP, Delhi, 1984.
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K.K. Aziz, *History of Partition of India*, OUP, Delhi, 1980.
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Mushir-ul-Hasan, *India's Partition: Process, Strategy and Mobilization*, OUP, Delhi 1993.
______, *Nationalism and Communal Politics in India*, Delhi, 1979.

PAPER –III: CONTEMPORARY PUNJAB (1947-2011)

Time: 3 Hours

Total Marks: 80 Theory: 64 Internal Assessment: 16

The question paper may consist of two sections as follows:-

- **Section A**: The examiner shall set 7 questions and the candidate will attempt any 4 questions carrying 3 marks each. Answer to each question shall be in about 250 words. The total weightage of this section shall be 12 marks.
- Section B: The examiner shall set 8 questions divided into four units. In each unit there will be two questions and the candidate shall attempt one question from each unit in about 1000 words. Each question shall carry 13 marks. The total weightage of this section shall be 52 marks.

UNIT-I

- 1. Partition and Rehabilitation
- 2. Punjabi Suba and Territorial Reorganization
- 3. Green Revolution and its Impact

UNIT-II

- 4. Peasant Agitation
- 5. Demographic Changes
- 6. Urbanization.

UNIT-III

- 7. Centre State Relations and the Punjab Crisis
- 8. Emergence of Militancy/Terrorism
- 9. Impact of Militancy/Terrorism

- 10. Agrarian Crisis
- 11. Social Crisis
- 12. Punjabi Diaspora

- J.S. Grewal and Indu Banga, *Punjab in Prosperity and Violence*, K.K. Publishers, Chandigarh, 1998.
- J.S. Grewal, The Sikhs of the Punjab, OUP, Cambridge, 1990.

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Pritam Singh, Punjab Economy: The Emerging Pattern, Enkay Publishers, New Delhi, 1995.

- Reeta Grewal and Sheena Pall (eds.), *Pre-Colonial and Colonial Punjab*, Manohar, New Delhi, 2005.
- Harish K. Puri, Paramjit Singh Judge and Jagroop Singh Sekhon, "Terrorism in Punjab: Understanding Reality at the Grassroots Level", Guru Nanak Journal of Sociology, Vol. XVIII No. I, G.N.D. University, Amritsar, 1997, pp. 37-99.

PAPER-IV: INDIAN HISTORIOGRAPHY

Time: 3 Hours

Total Marks: 80 Theory: 64 Internal Assessment: 16

The question paper may consist of two sections as follows:-

- **Section A**: The examiner shall set 7 questions and the candidate will attempt any 4 questions carrying 3 marks each. Answer to each question shall be in about 250 words. The total weightage of this section shall be 12 marks.
- Section B: The examiner shall set 8 questions divided into four units. In each unit there will be two questions and the candidate shall attempt one question from each unit in about 1000 words. Each question shall carry 13 marks. The total weightage of this section shall be 52 marks.

UNIT-I

Imperialist

- 1. V.A. Smith
- 2. W.H.Moreland
- 3. Vera Anstey

UNIT-II

Nationalist

- 4. R.C.Majumdar
- 5. Dadabhai Naoroji
- 6. Ravindra Kumar

UNIT-III

Marxist

- 7. D.D. Kosambi
- 8. Irfan Habib
- 9. R.P.Dutt

UNIT-IV

Subaltern

- 10. Ranajit Guha
- 11. Shahid Amin
- 12. Gyanendra Pandey

- B. N. Ganguli, *Indian Economic Thought: Nineteenth Century Perspectives*, Tata McGraw-Hill, New Delhi, 1977.
- B. Sheik Ali, History: Its Theory and Method, Macmillan, Madras, 1990.
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- S. K. Mukhopadhyay, Evolution of Historiography in Modern India 1900-1980, Calcutta, 1980.
- S.P. Sen (ed.), History and Historiography in Modern India, Calcutta, 1973.

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R.P. Dutt, India Today, Manisha, Calcutta, 1979.

- Ranajit Guha, Subaltern Studies: Writings on South Asian History and Society, Vol. I, OUP, New Delhi, 2007.
- Ravindra Kumar, Essays in the Social History of Modern India, OUP, Calcutta, 1986.
- Shahid Amin, Alternative Histories: A View from India, Sephis CSSSC, Calcutta, 2002.
- Sumit Sarkar, Writing Social History, OUP, New Delhi, 2005.
- Viney Lal, *The History of History: Politics and Scholarship in Modern India*, OUP, New Delhi, 2003.

PAPER-V: HISTORY OF IDEAS

Time: 3 Hours

Total Marks: 80 Theory: 64 Internal Assessment: 16

The question paper may consist of two sections as follows:-

- **Section A**: The examiner shall set 7 questions and the candidate will attempt any 4 questions carrying 3 marks each. Answer to each question shall be in about 250 words. The total weightage of this section shall be 12 marks.
- Section B: The examiner shall set 8 questions divided into four units. In each unit there will be two questions and the candidate shall attempt one question from each unit in about 1000 words. Each question shall carry 13 marks. The total weightage of this section shall be 52 marks.

UNIT-I

- 1. Vedic, Upanishdic Philosophical Ideas
- 2. Six Schools of Indian Philosophy
- 3. Jainism and Buddhism

UNIT-II

- 4. Bhakti Movement
- 5. Sufism
- 6. Reform and Revivalism in India: 19th Century

UNIT-III

- 7. Colonialism and Imperialism
- 8. Utilitarianism and Liberalism
- 9. Nationalism and Internationalism

- 10. Socialism and Communism
- 11. Secularism
- 12. Humanism

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- J.S. Grewal, Guru Nanak in History, Panjab University, Chandigarh, 1998.
- K.W.Jones, Socio-Religious Reform Movements in British India, CUP, New Delhi, 1994.
- Romila Thapar, The Penguin History of Early India from the Origins to A.D. 1300, Penguin, London, 2005.
- S.Chandra, Historiography, Religion and State in Medieval India, Har-Anand, New Delhi, 1996.
- Thomas R. Metcalf, Ideologies of the Raj, CUP, New Delhi, 1995.
- Ward Barbara, Five Ideas That Changed the World, Hamish Hamilton, London, 1959.